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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/601,275	06/20/2003	Siyu Ye	130109.502	6444	
500 7	590 02/09/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC 701 FIFTH AVE SUITE 6300 SEATTLE, WA 98104-7092			YUAN, DAH WEI D		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1745		

DATE MAILED: 02/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<i>l</i> ~				
 	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Astion Comments	10/601,275	YE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Dah-Wei D. Yuan	1745				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr tte, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. e timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	•					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
,	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the applicatio	n. .					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	/or alogtica requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 June 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, i				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	,	•				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached Offi	ice Action or form P1O-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 		P(a)-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	• •					
application from the International Bure	•	•				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not rece	ived.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summ					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10282003</u>. 	Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	al Patent Application (PTO-152)				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) Application/Control Number: 10/601,275 Page 1 of 5

Art Unit: 1745

METHOD OF MAKING A MEMBRANE ELECTRODE ASSEMBLY FOR ELECTROCHEMICAL FUEL CELLS

Examiner: Yuan S.N. 10/601,275 Art Unit: 1745 February 6, 2006

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-4,10,13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kosako et al. (US 6,977,234 B2).

With respect to claims 1 and 13, Kosako et al. teach a method of making a membrane electrode assembly for a fuel cell comprising providing a first gas diffusion layer (10), provide a one-sided catalyst (6) coated membrane (2), providing a gas diffusion electrode having a second catalyst layer (14) and bonding the three layers to form a membrane electrode assembly. See Embodiment 1; Figures 2 and 3.

With respect to claim 2, the two bonding steps occur simultaneously. See Figure 3.

With respect to claim 3, the catalyst layer further comprises a polymer electrolyte of a sulfonic acid-containing ionomer. See Column 19, Lines 34-50; Figures 12 and 13.

With respect to claim 4, Kosako et al. teach the second catalyst layer is an anode catalyst layer.

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With respect to claim 10, Kosako et al. teach the gas diffusion layer and the catalyst layer are hot pressed at 150°C. See Column 25, Lines 12-20.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 5-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosako et al. as applied to claims 1-4,10,13 above, and further in view of Oh et al. (2003/0108781 A1).

Kosako et al. disclose a method of making a membrane electrode assembly as described in Paragraph 2 above. However, Kosako et al. do not teach or suggest the addition of polytetraflouroethylene in the catalyst layer. Oh et al. teach a method to make a membrane electrode assembly, wherein 20 wt% of PTFE is added to the catalyst layer. See Exampel 1. It is well known in the art that the use of PTFE in the catalyst layer can prevent the wetting of the catalyst particles. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add 20 wt% of polytetrafluoroethylene into the catalyst layer of Kosako et al., because it is well known in the art the PTFE can improve the hydrophobicility of the catalyst in the catalyst layer.

5. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosako et al. as applied to claims 1-4,10,13 above, and further in view of Yoshida et al. (US 2003/0091891 A1).

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Kosako et al. disclose a method of making a membrane electrode assembly as described in Paragraph 2 above. Kosako et al. teach the catalyst layer comprises conductive carbon particles of Ketjen black carbon. See Example 1. However, Kosako et al. do not teach or suggest the addition of acetylene carbon black in the catalyst layer. Yoshida et al. teach the catalyst composition comprises carbon powder selected from the group consisting of furnace black, acetylene black, thermal black, channel black, and Ketjen black. See Paragraph 22. Therefore, would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to substitute an acetylene carbon black for the Ketjen black carbon in the membrane electrode assembly disclosed by Kosako et al., because Yoshida et al. teach the two are considered functionally equivalent conductive carbon powders.

6. Claims 11,12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosako et al. as applied to claims 1-4,10,13 above.

The disclosure of Kosako et al. differs from Applicant's claims in that Kosako et al. do not describe the sintering step at 330 to 420°C. It is well known in the art the higher the hot pressing temperature better the bonding strength between the two layers. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to increase the hot pressing temperature to between 330 to 420°C, because one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that higher hot pressing would promote bonding between the two dissimilar materials. In addition, it is the position of the examiner that disclosure provides no evidence of criticality with regard to the sintering temperatures.

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With respect to claim 12, the disclosure of Kosako et al. differs from Applicant's claims in that Kosako et al. do not describe the application of an ionomer solution to the surface of the catalyst layer after the sintering step. Kosako et al. teach the user of perfluorocarbon sulfonic acid ionomer can improve proton conductivity and reduce internal resistance. See Column 29, Lines 27-41. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to an ionomer solution to the surface of the catalyst layer after the sintering step, because Kosako reference teaches the resulting proton conductivity can be enhanced and the internal resistance can be reduced.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dah-Wei D. Yuan whose telephone number is (571) 272-1295. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick J. Ryan, can be reached on (571) 272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Dah-Wei D. Yuan February 6, 2006

> DAH-WEIYUAN PRIMARY EXAMINER